Cre genotyping

The Cre genotyping is done by 1 PCR which amplifies the Cre gene. But since matings only take place between heterozygotes and wild types, progeny can only be heterozygotes or wild types.

Name	Oligo Sequence
PT178-Cre forward	TCCAATTTACTGACCGTACACCAA
PT179-Cre reverse	CCTGATCCTGGCAATTTCGGCTA

Prepare the mix on ice.

PCR mix per sample.

	(µl)
H ₂ O (Fresh Milli-Q)	6.5
Buffer	1
MgCl ₂	0.5
dNTP	1
primers 178 x 179	1
Enzyme (Taq-Pol.)	0.1
Template DNA	1
Mix by pipetting	

PCR program: 3-step PCR.

 $\begin{array}{l} 95 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ 1 \ minute \\ \\ 95 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ 10 \ seconds \\ 60 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ 10 \ sec \\ 72 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ 30 \ sec \end{array} \right\} \quad 30 \ cycles \\ \\ \hline 72 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ 30 \ min \\ 4 \ ^{\circ}C \ - \ \infty \end{array}$

Expected size: 550 basepairs

Results: No fragment \rightarrow mouse is a wildtype Fragment of 550 basepairs \rightarrow mouse is a heterozygote

Remarks:

Use buffer, MgCl₂ and enzyme from the same kit (Lot#).

Buffer, MgCl₂, dNTP and primers are stored in fridge 3 in Eric's PCR Equipment Box, the Taq-Polymerase is stored in freezer 5, top drawer on the left side in Eric's Box.

Don't forget the control samples. There is a special plate with control samples for al PCRs in fridge 3 in a box (which normally contains 96-Well Optical Reaction Plates for purifying DNA). This box is called **DNA Eric.**